

Electrical Permits

An electrical permit is required if any owner or authorized agent plans to...

- erect, install, enlarge, alter, repair, remove, convert or replace any electrical system the installation of which is regulated by the Louisiana State Uniform Construction Code Council.
- cause any such of the above work to be done

Owners or authorized agents should make applications to the building official and obtain the required permit.

Examples that would require an electrical permit:

- Adding a new circuit and/or wiring for appliances such as an air conditioner or sump pump
- Installing and/or adding receptacles or light fixtures where one did not exist before
- Installing and/or adding a new electrical panel and breakers
- Restoring power after it has been interrupted because of a hazardous condition or disconnected longer than six months.

Examples that would NOT require an electrical permit:

- Replacing a faulty circuit breaker of the same size and type.
- Replacing or changing a light fixture.
- Installing phones or coax cable (cable TV)
- Replacing a receptacle where one already existed. This work still needs to comply with new receptacle requirements per 2014 NEC 406.4 (D) (1-6) including tamper or weather resistant, AFCI, or GFCI where applicable.

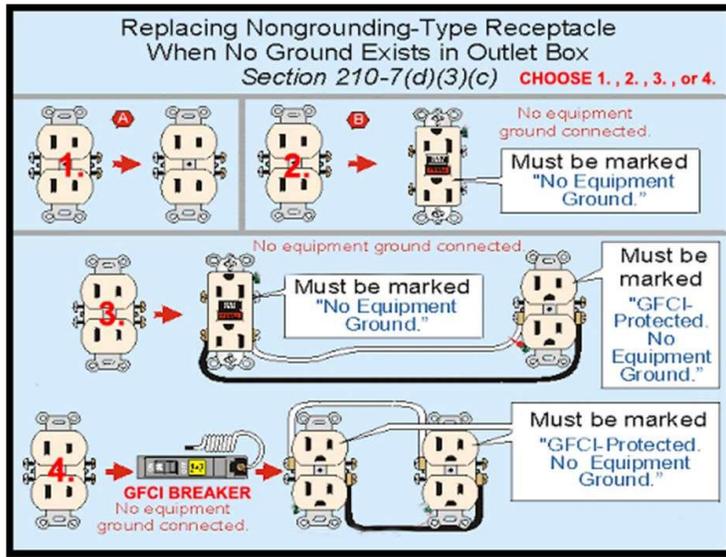
Inspections Required

Construction or work for which a permit is required shall be subject to inspection by the building official and such construction or work shall remain accessible and exposed for inspection purposes until approved.

The most common electrical permit inspections are Rough-in and Final. Some types of work only require a Final inspection. All appropriate inspections are required to be completed prior to issuance of Final Approval.

Things to remember about Electrical Permits

- A homeowner may obtain a permit if he/she is performing the work on their own home, **and** the home is the owner's primary residence for the next 12 months. Otherwise a licensed electrician authorized to work in the City of Franklin is required for obtaining electrical permits.
- It is the permit holder's responsibility to call for an inspection and to insure the site is accessible for inspection. If the inspector cannot gain entry the applicant may be charged an additional inspection fee.
- Starting electrical work prior to obtaining a permit is a misdemeanor punishable by either a fine or imprisonment.



SMOKE DETECTOR REQUIREMENTS

RESIDENTIAL AREA REQUIREMENTS

No.	Code	Description
1	2010 NFPA 72 29.5.1.1(1)	Smoke detectors must be located in each sleeping room.
2	2010 NFPA 72 29.5.1.1(2)	Smoke detectors must be located outside of each sleeping room within 21' of any door to a sleeping room.
3	2010 NFPA 72 29.5.1.1(3)	Smoke detectors must be located on each level of the dwelling unit including basements, but NOT including crawl spaces or uninhabitable attics.

Tamper-resistant receptacles shall be installed as specified in 406.12(A) through (C).

